CLAIMS

- 1. Protein or peptide capable of restoring the MHC-II expression in cells from MHC-II deficiency patients in complementation group B and comprising all or part of the amino-acid sequence shown in figure 2.
- 2. Protein or peptide according to claim 1 wherein the cells are BLS 1 cell line or Na cell line or Ba cell line.
- 3. Protein or peptide according to claim 1 or 2 wherein the MHC-II is HLA-DR or HLA-DP or HLA-DQ.
- 4. Protein or peptide consisting or comprising the amino acid sequence shown in figure 2, an amino acid sequence having at least 80 % or preferably at least 90 % identity or similarity with the amino acid sequence shown in figure 2, a functional part of the amino acid sequence shown in figure 2 or a functional part of an amino acid sequence having at least 80 % and preferably at least 90 % homology with the amino acid sequence shown in figure 2.
- 5. Protein or peptide which is the homologous protein of a protein or a peptide of any one of claims 1 to 4 in another species than human.
- 6. Protein or peptide of claim 5 wherein the species is pig.
- 7. Antibodies capable of specifically recognising a peptide or protein according to any of claim 1 to 6.
- 8. Antibodies according to claim 7 which are monoclonal.
- 9. Antibodies according to claims 7 or 8 which are single chain antibodies.
- 10. Antibodies according to anyone of claims 7 to 9 which are capable of inhibiting a function or an activity of a protein or a peptide of any one of claims 1 to 6.

- 11. Nucleic acid molecule encoding a protein or a peptide according to any one of claims 1 to 6 or a chain of antibodies according to any one of claim 7 to 10.
- 12. Nucleic acid molecule according to claim 11 comprising all or part of the nucleotide sequence illustrated in figure 2.
- 13. Nucleic acid molecule comprising a sequence complementary to the nucleic acid molecules of any one of claims 11 to 12.
- 14. Nucleic acid molecule capable of hybridizing in stringent conditions, with the nucleic acid molecules of any one of claims 11 to 13.
- 15. Nucleic acid molecule comprising at least one of the sequences illustrated in figures 2, or a sequence exhibiting at least 90 % identity or similarity with any of these sequences, or a functional part of any one of these sequences.
- 16. Nucleic acid molecule of anyone of claims 11 to 15 comprises all or part of the DNA molecule encoding the RFXANK gene of a species other than human.
- 17. Nucleic acid molecule of claim 16 wherein the species is pig.
- 18. Nucleic acid molecule comprising a sequence complementary to the nucleic acid molecule of anyone of claims 11, 12 or 14 to 17.
- 19. Anti-sense molecule or ribozyme comprising a nucleic acid molecule of claim 13 or 18.
- 20. Vector comprising a nucleic acid molecule of any one of claims 11 to 19.
- 21. Process for identifying inhibitors which have the capacity to inhibit a function or an activity of a protein or a peptide according to any one of claims 1 to 6 or of a nucleic acid molecule according to any one of claims 11 to 18 comprising detecting or measuring of

said function or activity after intervention of the potential inhibitor.

- 22. Process according to claim 21 wherein said function or activity is the expression of MHC class II molecules.
- 23. Process according to claim 22 wherein the expression of MHC class II molecules is measured at the surface of cells.
- 24. Process according to claim 22 wherein the expression of MHC class II is measured at the mRNA level or in the cells.
- 25. Process according to claim 23 or 24 wherein said cells are B lymphocyte cell lines with constitutive expression of MHC class II or interferon gamma inducible cell lines.
- 26. Process according to claim 21 wherein said function or activity is the formation of RFX complex.
- 27. Process according to claim 21 wherein said function or activity is the binding of the RFX complex to its DNA target.
- 28. Process according to claim 27 wherein the measure or detection of the function or activity is done by gel retardation assay.
- 29. Process according to claim 21, wherein said function or activity is the interaction between the RFX complex and at least one of transcription factors X2BP, NF-Y and CIITA.
- 30. Process according to claim 21 wherein said function or activity is the correction of the MHC II expression defect of cell lines from complementation group B.
- 31. Process for identifying inhibitors which have the capacity to inhibit the synthesis of a protein or a peptide according to any one of claims 1 to 6 or of a nucleic acid molecule according to any one of claims 11 to 18 comprising detection or measuring a product which

contributes to the synthesis of said protein or peptide after intervention of the potential inhibitor.

- 32. Process according to claim 31 wherein said product is mRNA.
- 33. Process according to any one of claims 21 to 32 comprising a preliminary screening of said potential inhibitor which consists in screening for the binding of molecules to a peptide or a protein of any one of claims 1 to 6 or nucleic acid molecule of any one of claims 11 to 18.
- 34. Process of screening which consists in screening for the binding of molecules to a peptide or a protein of any one of claims 1 to 6 or a part thereof or which consists in screening for the binding of molecules to nucleic acid molecule of any one of claims 11 to 18 or a part thereof.
- 35. Process according to claim 33 or 34 wherein the binding of molecules is detected by ligand-induced charge in protein conformation.
- 36. Process according to claim 33 or 34 wherein the binding of molecules is detected by ligand-induced displacement of molecules first identified as binding to a peptide or a protein of any of claims 1 to 6.
- 37. Process for identifying inhibitors which have the capacity to inhibit a function, an activity or the synthesis of a protein or a peptide according to any one of claims 1 to 6 or of a nucleic acid molecule according to any one of claims 11 to 18 comprising the designing of said inhibitors on the basis of the three dimensional structure of a protein or a peptide according to any one of claims 1 to 6.
- 38. Process according to claim 37 wherein the three dimensional structure is obtained using X-Ray structure analysis or spectroscopic methods.
- 39. Process for identifying an inhibitor which has the capacity to inhibit recruitment of CIITA or to

inhibit the binding or fixation of CIITA to the MHC-class II enhanceosome, said process comprising the following steps:

- i) a DNA fragment consisting or comprising the W-X-X2-Y box region of the MHC II promoters is contacted with a mixture of cellular proteins comprising proteins binding to the W-X-X2-Y box region and CIITA, and with the substance to be tested;
- ii) the thus formed DNA-protein complex is separated from the reaction mixture;
- iii) the presence or absence of CIITA in the proteins obtained after step ii) is detected, absence of CIITA indicating that the substance under test has a capacity to inhibit CIITA recruitment.
- 40. Process according to claim 39, wherein the DNA-protein complex is separated by fixation to a solid support able to purify said DNA-protein complex.
- 41. Process according to claim 40, wherein a solid support comprises magnetic beads or a microtitration plate.
- 42. Process according to any one of claim 41, wherein a DNA fragment consisting or comprising the W-X-X2-Y box region of the MHC II promoters is biotinylated.
- 43. Process according to any one of claim 39 to 42, wherein one or several wash(es) are carried out between step (ii) and step (iii) and/or wherein proteins binding DNA are separated from the DNA carried out between step (ii) and step (iii).
- 44. Process according to any one of claim 39 to 43, wherein the presence of CIITA in the proteins obtained after step iii) is detected by antibodies specific of CIITA.
- 45. Process according to any one of claim 39 to 44, wherein CIITA is chosen among: a recombinant or

recombinantly produced, a mutant CIITA, a mutant CIITA which has greater affinity for the MHC-class II enhanceosome than a wild-type CIITA, a truncated version of a wild-type CIITA.

- 46. Process according to any one of claims 39 to 45, wherein CIITA is tagged or wherein CIITA comprises a Fluorescent Protein or an epitope.
- 47. Process according to any one of claims 39 to 46, wherein the substances to be tested are CIITA dominant negative mutants.
- 48. Process according to any one of claims 39 to 47, wherein the mixture of cellular proteins and CIITA comprises a nuclear extract of CIITA+ cells.
- 49. Process according to any one of claims 39 to 48 further comprising a step of separating the proteins bound to the DNA from the DNA and optionally detecting the presence or absence of any of the proteins capable of binding to the W-X-X2-Y region of the MHC-class II promoters, the absence of any of these proteins indicating that the substance under test is capable of inhibiting the binding of said protein to DNA.
- 50. Inhibitor identifiable by a process according to any one of claims 21 to 49.
- 51. Inhibitor according to claim 50 which is an antibody according to any one of claims 7 to 8, a nucleic acid molecule according to claim 13 or 18 a derivative of a protein or a peptide according to any one of claims 1 to 6 or of a nucleic acid molecule according to any one of claims 11 to 18, or an antisense molecule or a ribozyme according to claim 19.
- 52. Inhibitor according to claim 50 which is an antibody, a single chain antibody, a dominant negative mutant, a protein, a peptide, a small molecular weight molecule, a ribozyme or an anti-sense molecule.

- 53. Inhibitors of a protein or a peptide according to any one of claims 1 to 6, or of a nucleic acid molecule according to any one of claims 11 to 18.
- 54. Nucleic acid molecule encoding an inhibitor of any one of claims 50 to 53.
- 55. Inhibitor according to any one of claims 50 to 54 for use in therapy.
- 56. Pharmaceutical composition comprising an inhibitor according to any one of claims 50 to 54, optionally in association with a pharmaceutically acceptable vehicle.
- 57. Use of an inhibitor according to any one of claims 50 to 54 for the preparation of a medicament for use in therapy or prevention of diseases associated with aberrant expression of MHC class II genes.
- 58. Use of an inhibitor according to any one of claims 50 to 54 as an immunosuppressive agent.
- 59. Protein complex comprising cellular proteins capable of binding to the W-X-X2-Y box of MHC-class II promoters and CIITA.
- 60. Protein complex according to claim 59 wherein CIITA is: a recombinant or recombinantly produced CIITA, a mutant CIITA, a mutant CIITA which has greater affinity for the MHC-class II enhanceosome than a wild-type CIITA or a truncated version of a wild-type CIITA.
- 61. Antibodies capable of specifically recognizing a protein complex according to claims 59 and 60.